# Stellar Atmospheres, Ht 2003 Problem Set 2

Due date: Tuesday, 23 September 2003

### 1. Sources of continuous extinction

- (a) How is the quantity  $\kappa$  in chapter 8 of Gray's book related to the  $\kappa_{\nu}$  in chapter 5? In the case of Thomson scattering, how is Gray's  $\kappa$  related to the Thomson cross-section  $\sigma_T$ ?
- (b) Go through chapter 8 of Gray's book. List and comment on the various contributions to the continuous extinction coefficient in a stellar atmosphere. Be sure to note which absorbers or processes are important in which types of stars, and in which regions of the spectrum!

#### 2. Calculation of continuous extinction

Estimate the various contributions to the total continuous extinction coefficient at different wavelengths for a point in the atmosphere where the temperature is 6500 K and the hydrogen and electron densities are  $10^{17}$  and  $10^{14}$  cm<sup>-3</sup>, respectively.

Such repetitive calculations are best done with a computer. Write a program and try to produce plots similar to those on pages 140 and 141 in the book. (Alternatively, do the calculations for 3000, 5000 and 8000 Å.)

## 3. Line extinction coefficients

(a) Derive the expression

$$\alpha_{\nu}^{\text{ line }} = \frac{h\nu}{4\pi} n_{\ell} B_{\ell u} \varphi(\nu - \nu_0) \left[ 1 - \frac{n_u g_{\ell} \chi(\nu - \nu_0)}{n_{\ell} g_u \varphi(\nu - \nu_0)} \right]$$
(1)

What is the meaning of the factor in the square brackets?

(b) Explain the origin of the oscillator strength f and derive its relation to the Einstein coefficient  $A_{u\ell}$ .

#### 4. The 21-cm line

The so-called 21-cm line has  $A_{ul} = 2.9 \times 10^{-15} \text{ s}^{-1}$  (per second and particle, but *not* per steradian). The relevant quantum numbers are F = 0 for the lower level and F = 1 for the upper level.

- (a) What atomic process produces the 21-cm line, and why is this line so important in observational astronomy?
- (b) What is the mean lifetime of the upper state (under which conditions)?
- (c) What is the oscillator strength of the 21-cm line?
- (d) Explain the concept of column density and calculate how many hydrogen atoms are needed to reach  $\tau_{\nu} = 1$  in this line.